

# VACCINATION INTAKE FORM

			Patie	ent Info	ormation					
Patient Nan	ne:						Date:			
Patient Add	ress:									
City:		State:	:	Zip:		D0	)B:	Gender: □ Ma	Gender: □ Male □ Female	
Phone #:		Allerg	gies:					•		
Alt Contact:	:	Relati	ionship:					Phone:	Phone:	
Weight (sel	lect one): □ < 130 lbs □ 1	131-152	2 lbs □ 1	153-200	lbs 🗆	200-25		260 lbs		
			-							
HCPC	Product		DX	Dosa	age l	njecti	on Site	Lot #	Exp.	
90658	IIV:	®	<b>Z23</b>	0.5 ו	mL L	/ R DE	LTOID IM			
	Boostrix ®		<b>Z23</b>	0.5 ו	mL L	/ R DE	LTOID IM			
	Shingrix ®	ı	Z23	0.5 ı	mL L	/ R DE	LTOID IM			
	Prevnar ®		Z23	0.5 ı	mL L	/ R DE	LTOID IM			
	Pneumovax ®		Z23	0.5 ı	mL L	/ R DE	LTOID IM			
Havrix 1440 unit ®		Z23	1 m	nL L	/ R DE	LTOID IM				
			Physi	ician In	formatio	n				
Ordering Ph	hysician: Eric Jackson			F	Physician F	Phone:				
NPI: 12351	31251			F	Physician Fax:					
Address: 1	66-18 Ridge Road									
City: North Arlington			State: NJ Zip: 07031							
Administering Pharmacist										
Name:										
Address: 9	8 Ridge Road									
City: North Arlington			State: NJ			Zip: 07031	Zip: 07031			

New Jersey Department of Health Vaccine Preventable Disease Program P.O. Box 369, Trenton, NJ 08625-0369 609-826-4860 (Fax 609-826-4866) www.njiis.nj.gov

### NEW JERSEY IMMUNIZATION INFORMATION SYSTEM (NJIIS) CONSENT TO PARTICIPATE

#### - RETAIN A COPY OF THIS FORM IN THE MEDICAL RECORD -

REGISTRANT INFORMATION	PARENT/GUARDIAN INFORMATION (if NJIIS Registrant is a minor)						
Registrant Name (Print)	Name (Print)						
Date of Birth	Address						
Country of Birth	City, State, Zip Code						
Name of Primary Health Care Provider	Relationship to Registrant						
I have received information about the New Jersey Immunization of this program is to help remind me when my/my child's imchild's immunization history.							
licensed child care centers, colleges, public health agencies,	I understand that the medical information in the NJIIS may be shared with authorized health care providers, schools, licensed child care centers, colleges, public health agencies, health insurance companies, and others as permitted by New Jersey Law at N.J.S.A. 26:4-131 et seg. and rules at N.J.A.C. 8:57-3.						
I understand that I can get a copy of my/my child's record from or the New Jersey Department of Health (NJDOH). The NJ listed above.	n my primary health care provider, IDOH may be contacted at the w	, my local health department, vebsite or telephone number					
There is no cost to participate in this program.							
☐Yes, I would like to participate in this program.							
☐No, I do not want to participate in this program.							
Signature of Registrant (or Parent/Guardian, IF Registrant und	der 18 Years of Age) Date						
Name of NJIIS Enrollment Site	Registry ID Number	Medical Record Number					



### **HB Pharmacy Authoritation Form - Medicare B**

### Statement to Permit Assignment of Benefits for Inactivated Injectable Influenza Vaccination

It is understood that HB Pharmacy has permission to ask for Medicare payments for medical care, including vaccinations.

It is understood that Medicare needs information about the patient and their medical condition to make a decision about payment. Permission is given for that information to go to Medicare and the companies that handle Medicare payment requests.

It is understood that the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) is the government's Medicare agency. It is understood that a photocopy of this release is as valid as the original document. Furthermore, it is understood that responsibility for paying any deductible or coinsurance amounts are that ofthe patient's responsible party.

Therefore, it is asked that payment of authorized Medicare benefits be made on the patient's behalf to HB Pharmacy for any services or items furnished to the patient by HB Pharmacy. It is authorized that any holder of medical or other information about the patient release such information to the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) and its agents as needed to determine these benefits or benefits payable for related services.

Name:	 
Signature:	Date:

# Screening Checklist for Contraindications to Vaccines for Adults

PATIENT NAME	
DATE OF BIRTH/	

For patients: The following questions will help us determine which vaccines you may be given today. If you answer "yes" to any question, it does not necessarily mean you should not be vaccinated. It just means we need to ask you more questions. If a question is not clear, please ask your healthcare provider to explain it.

		yes	no	know
1. Are you sic	k today?			
2. Do you hav	re allergies to medications, food, a vaccine ingredient, or latex?			
3. Have you e	ver had a serious reaction after receiving a vaccine?			
(e.g., diabet	re a long-term health problem with heart, lung, kidney, or metabolic disease res), asthma, a blood clotting disorder, no spleen, complement component deficiency, mplant, or a spinal fluid leak? Are you on long-term aspirin therapy?			
5. Do you hav	re cancer, leukemia, HIV/AIDS, or any other immune system problem?			
6. Do you hav	re a parent, brother, or sister with an immune system problem?			
as predniso	3 months, have you taken medicines that affect your immune system, such ne, other steroids, or anticancer drugs; drugs for the treatment of rheumatoid ohn's disease, or psoriasis; or have you had radiation treatments?			
8. Have you h	ad a seizure or a brain or other nervous system problem?			
_	past year, have you received a transfusion of blood or blood products, en immune (gamma) globulin or an antiviral drug?			
<b>10.</b> Are you pre	egnant or is there a chance you could become pregnant during the next month?			
<b>11.</b> Have you r	eceived any vaccinations in the past 4 weeks?			
	FORM COMPLETED BY	DATE		
	FORM REVIEWED BY	DATE		
	Did you bring your immunization record card with you?  It is important for you to have a personal record of your vaccinations. If you don't ha ask your healthcare provider to give you one. Keep this record in a safe place and bring seek medical care. Make sure your healthcare provider records all your vaccinations.	g it with yοι		





# **Notification of Vaccination Letter Template**

Dear doctor or nurse at	CARE CLINIC						
We recently pr have informati	ovided vaccination services to your patien on about the vaccines we administered so contact us if you have any questions abo	o you can update your patient's medical					
	I the patient (or parent/guardian) with a written record of the vaccination(s) given.						
☐ We entered	I information about the vaccine(s) we adrion information system.	(,,					
	Patient's birthdate(MM/DD/YR)						
(For a child, parent/guardian name	Parent,	/guardian birthdate(MM/DD/YR)					
The vaccine(s) we administered on	is/are checked below						
VACCINES ADMINISTERED							
COVID-19    mRNA (circle one): Moderna Pfizer   viral vector (Janssen [Johnson &	Hib (monovalent)  ☐ ActHIB (PRP-T)  ☐ Hiberix (PRP-T)	<ul><li>☐ Human papillomavirus (9vHPV) (Gardasil 9)</li><li>☐ MMR</li></ul>					
Johnson])	☐ PedvaxHIB (PRP-OMP)	☐ <b>Varicella</b> (chickenpox) (Varivax)					
Hepatitis B	☐ Influenza	☐ <b>MMRV</b> (ProQuad)					
<ul> <li>Engerix-B; Recombivax HB;</li> <li>DOSE (circle one): 0.5 mL 1.0 mL</li> <li>Heplisav-B (age 18 yrs and older)</li> </ul>	BRAND  DOSE (mL)  ROUTE (circle one): IM Nasal	☐ Hepatitis A (Havrix; Vaqta) ☐ DOSE (circle one): 0.5 mL 1.0 mL ☐ HepA-HepB (Twinrix)					
<ul> <li>□ PreHevbrio (age 18 yrs and older)</li> <li>□ DTaP (age 6 yrs and younger)</li> <li>□ DTaP-HepB-IPV (Pediarix)</li> </ul>	☐ IPV (Polio)  Pneumococcal conjugate (PCV)	☐ Meningococcal ACWY (MenACWY) (circle one): (Menactra, MenQuadfi, Menveo)					
<ul><li>□ DTaP-IPV (Kinrix, Quadracel)</li><li>□ DTaP-IPV/Hib (Pentacel)</li></ul>	<ul><li>☐ PCV13, Prevnar 13 (through age 18 yrs)</li><li>☐ PCV15, Vaxneuvance</li><li>☐ PCV20, Prevnar 20</li></ul>	Meningococcal B (MenB)  ☐ Bexsero (MenB-4C) ☐ Trumenba (MenB-FHbp)  ☐ Zoster (shingles) (RZV) (Shingrix)					
<ul><li>□ DTaP-IPV-Hib-HepB (Vaxelis)</li><li>□ DT (through age 6 yrs)</li></ul>	☐ Pneumococcal polysaccharide (PPSV23) (Pneumovax 23)						
<ul><li>☐ <b>Tdap</b> (age 7 yrs and older)</li><li>☐ <b>Td</b> (age 7 yrs and older)</li></ul>	Rotavirus  ☐ RV1 (Rotarix) ☐ RV5 (RotaTeq)	☐ Other					
NAME OF CLINIC PROVIDING SERVICES	CLINIC CONTACT PERSON	4					
ADDRESS	EMAIL ADDRESS						
CITY/STATE/ZIP	PHONE						



# Vaccine Administration Record for Adults

Patient name:							
Birthdate:	Chart number:						
Clinic name and address							

Before administering any vaccines, give the patient copies of all pertinent Vaccine Information Statements (VISs) and make sure he/she understands the risks and benefits of the vaccine(s). Always provide or update the patient's personal record card.

Vaccine	Type of Vaccine <sup>1</sup>	Date given	Funding source (F,S,P) <sup>2</sup>	Route <sup>3</sup> & Site <sup>3</sup>	Vaccine		Vaccine Information Statement (VIS)		Vaccinator <sup>5</sup> (signature or
	Type or vaccine	(mo/day/yr)			Lot#	Mfr.	Date on VIS <sup>4</sup>	Date given <sup>4</sup>	initials & title)
Tetanus, Diphtheria, Pertussis (e.g., Td, Tdap) Give IM.3									
Hepatitis A <sup>6</sup> (e.g., HepA, HepA-HepB) Give IM. <sup>3</sup>									
Hepatitis B <sup>6</sup> (e.g., HepB, HepA-HepB) Give IM. <sup>3</sup>									
Human papillomavirus (HPV2, HPV4) Give IM. <sup>3</sup>									
Measles, Mumps, Rubella (MMR) Give SC. <sup>3</sup>									
Varicella (VAR) Give SC. <sup>3</sup>									
Pneumococcal (e.g., PCV13, conjugate; PPSV23, polysaccharide)									
Give PCV13 IM. <sup>3</sup> Give PPSV23 IM or SC. <sup>3</sup>									
Meningococcal (e.g., MenACWY, conjugate; MPSV4, polysaccharide) Give MenACWY IM. <sup>3</sup>									
Give MPSV4 SC. <sup>3</sup>									

See page 2 to record influenza, Hib, zoster, and other vaccines (e.g., travel vaccines).

#### **How to Complete This Record**

- 1. Record the generic abbreviation (e.g., Tdap) or the trade name for each vaccine (see table at right).
- 2. Record the funding source of the vaccine given as either F (federal), S (state), or P (private).
- 3. Record the route by which the vaccine was given as either intramuscular (IM), subcutaneous (SC), intradermal (ID), intranasal (IN), or oral (PO) and also the site where it was administered as either RA (right arm), LA (left arm), RT (right thigh), or LT (left thigh).
- Record the publication date of each VIS as well as the date the VIS is given to the patient.
- 5. To meet the space constraints of this form and federal requirements for documentation, a healthcare setting may want to keep a reference list of vaccinators that includes their initials and titles.
- 6. For combination vaccines, fill in a row for each antigen in the combination.

Abbreviation	Trade Name and Manufacturer
Tdap	Adacel (sanofi pasteur); Boostrix (GlaxoSmithKline [GSK])
Td	Decavac (sanofi pasteur); generic Td (MA Biological Labs)
НерА	Havrix (GSK); Vaqta (Merck)
НерВ	Engerix-B (GSK); Recombivax HB (Merck)
НерА-НерВ	Twinrix (GSK)
HPV2	Cervarix (GSK)
HPV4	Gardasil (Merck)
MMR	MMRII (Merck)
VAR	Varivax (Merck)
PCV13, PPSV23	Prevnar 13 (Pfizer); Pneumovax 23 (Merck)
MenACWY	Menactra (sanofi pasteur); Menveo (Novartis)
MPSV4	Menomune (sanofi pasteur)

#### **VACCINE INFORMATION STATEMENT**

# Pneumococcal Conjugate Vaccine: What You Need to Know

Many vaccine information statements are available in Spanish and other languages. See www.immunize.org/vis

Hojas de información sobre vacunas están disponibles en español y en muchos otros idiomas. Visite www.immunize.org/vis

#### 1. Why get vaccinated?

Pneumococcal conjugate vaccine can prevent pneumococcal disease.

Pneumococcal disease refers to any illness caused by pneumococcal bacteria. These bacteria can cause many types of illnesses, including pneumonia, which is an infection of the lungs. Pneumococcal bacteria are one of the most common causes of pneumonia.

Besides pneumonia, pneumococcal bacteria can also cause:

- Ear infections
- Sinus infections
- Meningitis (infection of the tissue covering the brain and spinal cord)
- Bacteremia (infection of the blood)

Anyone can get pneumococcal disease, but children under 2 years old, people with certain medical conditions or other risk factors, and adults 65 years or older are at the highest risk.

Most pneumococcal infections are mild. However, some can result in long-term problems, such as brain damage or hearing loss. Meningitis, bacteremia, and pneumonia caused by pneumococcal disease can be fatal.

## 2. Pneumococcal conjugate vaccine

Pneumococcal conjugate vaccine helps protect against bacteria that cause pneumococcal disease. There are three pneumococcal conjugate vaccines (PCV13, PCV15, and PCV20). The different vaccines are recommended for different people based on age and medical status. Your health care provider can help you determine which type of pneumococcal conjugate vaccine, and how many doses, you should receive.

**Infants and young children** usually need 4 doses of pneumococcal conjugate vaccine. These doses are recommended at 2, 4, 6, and 12–15 months of age.

Older children and adolescents might need pneumococcal conjugate vaccine depending on their age and medical conditions or other risk factors if they did not receive the recommended doses as infants or young children.

Adults 19 through 64 years old with certain medical conditions or other risk factors who have not already received pneumococcal conjugate vaccine should receive pneumococcal conjugate vaccine.

**Adults 65 years or older** who have not previously received pneumococcal conjugate vaccine should receive pneumococcal conjugate vaccine.

Some people with certain medical conditions are also recommended to receive pneumococcal polysaccharide vaccine (a different type of pneumococcal vaccine, known as PPSV23). Some adults who have previously received a pneumococcal conjugate vaccine may be recommended to receive another pneumococcal conjugate vaccine.



# 3. Talk with your health care provider

Tell your vaccination provider if the person getting the vaccine:

 Has had an allergic reaction after a previous dose of any type of pneumococcal conjugate vaccine (PCV13, PCV15, PCV20, or an earlier pneumococcal conjugate vaccine known as PCV7), or to any vaccine containing diphtheria toxoid (for example, DTaP), or has any severe, lifethreatening allergies

In some cases, your health care provider may decide to postpone pneumococcal conjugate vaccination until a future visit.

People with minor illnesses, such as a cold, may be vaccinated. People who are moderately or severely ill should usually wait until they recover.

Your health care provider can give you more information.

#### 4. Risks of a vaccine reaction

 Redness, swelling, pain, or tenderness where the shot is given, and fever, loss of appetite, fussiness (irritability), feeling tired, headache, muscle aches, joint pain, and chills can happen after pneumococcal conjugate vaccination.

Young children may be at increased risk for seizures caused by fever after a pneumococcal conjugate vaccine if it is administered at the same time as inactivated influenza vaccine. Ask your health care provider for more information.

People sometimes faint after medical procedures, including vaccination. Tell your provider if you feel dizzy or have vision changes or ringing in the ears.

As with any medicine, there is a very remote chance of a vaccine causing a severe allergic reaction, other serious injury, or death.

# 5. What if there is a serious problem?

An allergic reaction could occur after the vaccinated person leaves the clinic. If you see signs of a severe allergic reaction (hives, swelling of the face and throat, difficulty breathing, a fast heartbeat, dizziness, or weakness), call **9-1-1** and get the person to the nearest hospital.

For other signs that concern you, call your health care provider.

Adverse reactions should be reported to the Vaccine Adverse Event Reporting System (VAERS). Your health care provider will usually file this report, or you can do it yourself. Visit the VAERS website at <a href="https://www.vaers.hhs.gov">www.vaers.hhs.gov</a> or call 1-800-822-7967. VAERS is only for reporting reactions, and VAERS staff members do not give medical advice.

# 6. The National Vaccine Injury Compensation Program

The National Vaccine Injury Compensation Program (VICP) is a federal program that was created to compensate people who may have been injured by certain vaccines. Claims regarding alleged injury or death due to vaccination have a time limit for filing, which may be as short as two years. Visit the VICP website at <a href="www.hrsa.gov/vaccinecompensation">www.hrsa.gov/vaccinecompensation</a> or call 1-800-338-2382 to learn about the program and about filing a claim.

#### 7. How can I learn more?

- Ask your health care provider.
- Call your local or state health department.
- Visit the website of the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) for vaccine package inserts and additional information at <a href="www.fda.gov/vaccines-blood-biologics/vaccines">www.fda.gov/vaccines-blood-biologics/vaccines</a>.
- Contact the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC):
  - -Call 1-800-232-4636 (1-800-CDC-INFO) or
  - Visit CDC's website at www.cdc.gov/vaccines.



